



Case study Enhancing the competitiveness of SMEs: Financial Instruments in Thuringia

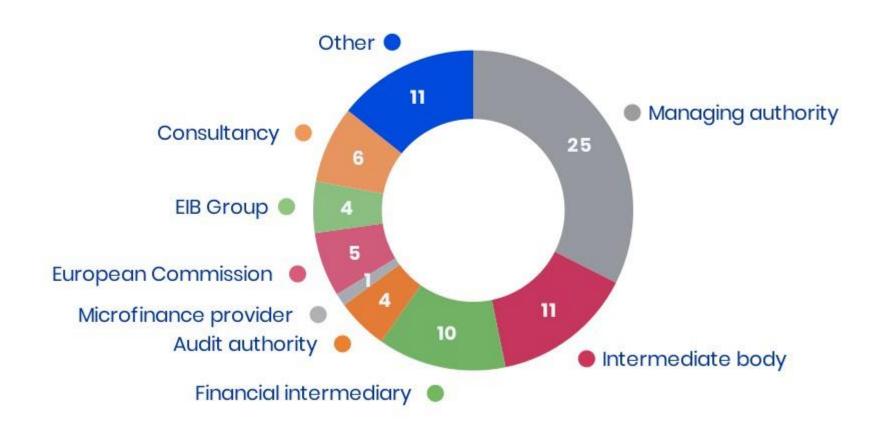
Brussels, Wednesday, 29 November 2017





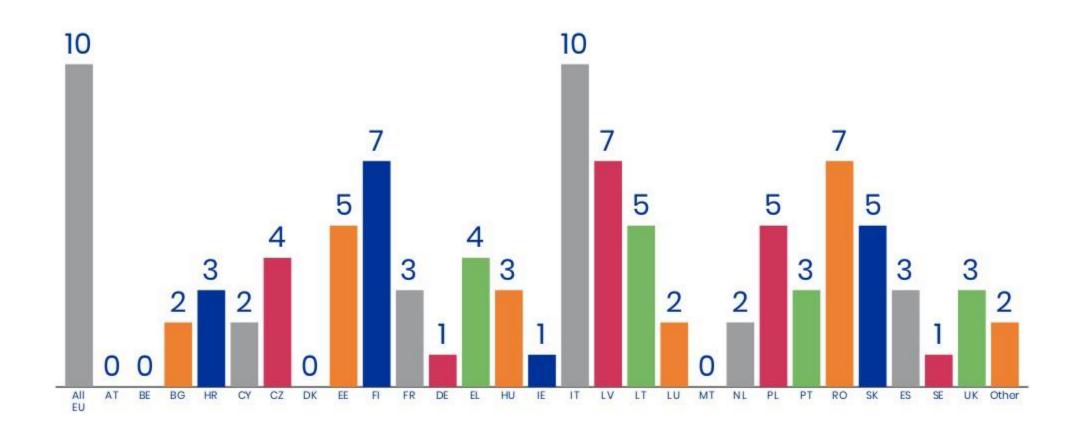
Tell us which type of organisation you represent





Which Member State does your organisation cover (or collaborate with)?









Enhancing the competitiveness of SMEs: Financial Instruments in Thuringia

Andreas Beutel, Thuringia Ministry for Economics, Science and Digital Society, Germany

Heike Gerhardt-Leißring, Thüringer Aufbaubank, Germany

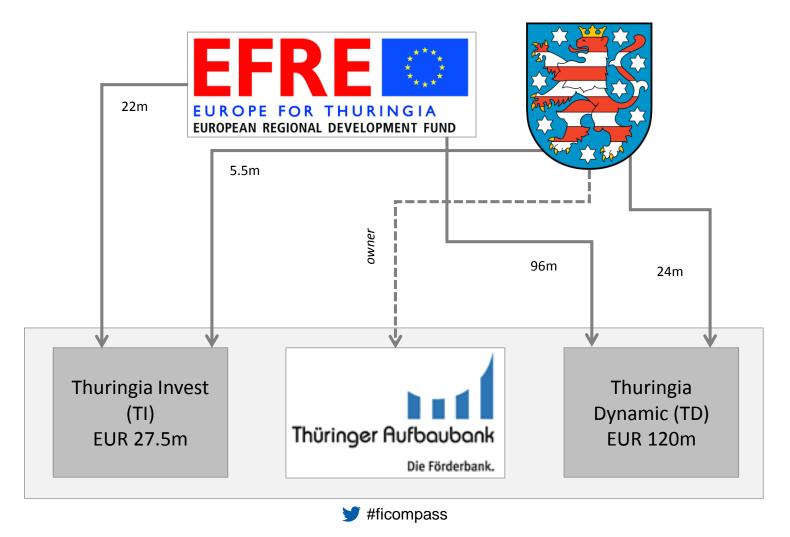




Implementation IB / MA level

- Financial instruments established











STRATEGIC CONTEXT







Background



Introduction of the region (1/2)

- Thuringia in Central Germany
- Part of former German Democratic Republic
- 2.2m inhabitants
- Capital: Erfurt (210,000 inhabitants)
- Important east-west strip of cities from Gera to Eisenach
- Small cities and rural areas dominate











Background



Introduction of the region (2/2)

- GDP per capita (2015): EUR 26,400 (DE: EUR 37,100; 14th out of 16 German states)
- Purchasing Power Standard (per capita): 85 % (DE: 100 %)
- Unemployment rate (February 2017): 6.9 % (DE: 6.3 %)
- Comparatively high share of small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs)
- Transition Region under Cohesion Policy







- Specificity of the TO



Context of the Operational Programme 2014-2020

- Financial instruments with 80% ERDF co-financing
- IP 3d 'Supporting the capacity of SME to grow and innovate':
 - EUR 147.5m for
 - SME, persons in liberal professions and new entrepreneurs







- Timeline



Thuringia Invest (2008) 652 loans with EUR 36m

Thuringia Invest (2015) EUR 27.5m

Funding period 2007-2013 Funding period 2014-2020

Thuringia Dynamic (2010) 382 loans with EUR 144m

Thuringia Dynamic (2015) EUR 120m

* ERDF funding was already allocated to other measures in 2010 and 2011, so that the new instruments had to be set up without ERDF funding.



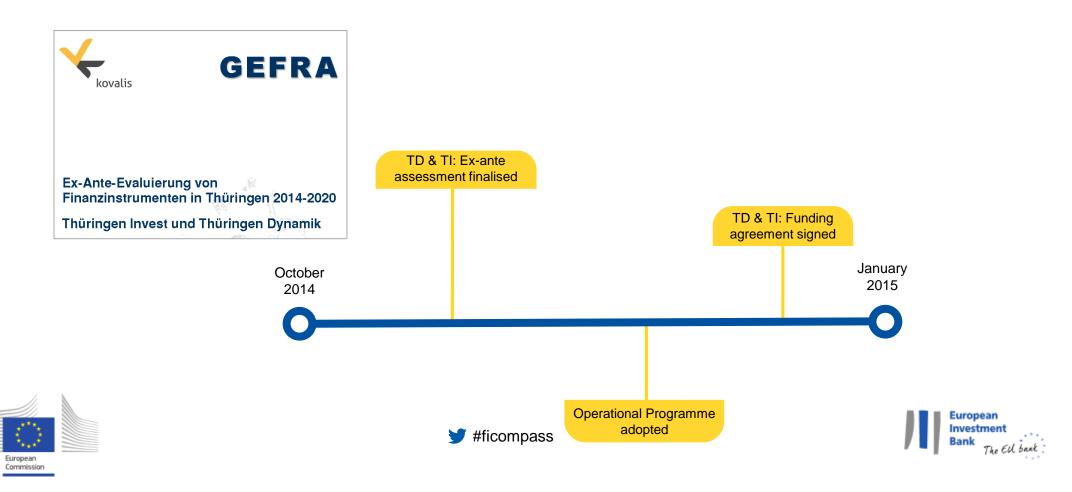




- Timeline



One ex-ante assessment for both instruments





EX-ANTE ASSESSMENT





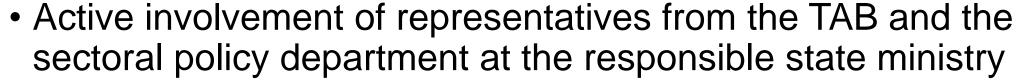


Ex-ante assessment

- The study: TD & TI



- MA commissioned Kovalis (Bremen) and GEFRA (Münster)
 - literature and statistics review
 - interviews
- June November 2014



- provision of background information and statistics
- interviews and focus group to discuss interim results
- commenting draft ex-ante assessment







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Ex-ante assessment

- The study: TD & TI



Market failure and financing gap

- Problem: No free access for SME to regular capital market
 - Insufficient equity
 - Lack of collaterals
 - Stricter bank policies
- Market failure excludes SME from regular market
- Annual financing between EUR 100m and EUR 240m
- Annual potential demand between EUR 50m and EUR 75m, based on experience with similar instruments
- Different instruments available to address the gap, however different target groups and characteristics









DESIGN AND SET-UP



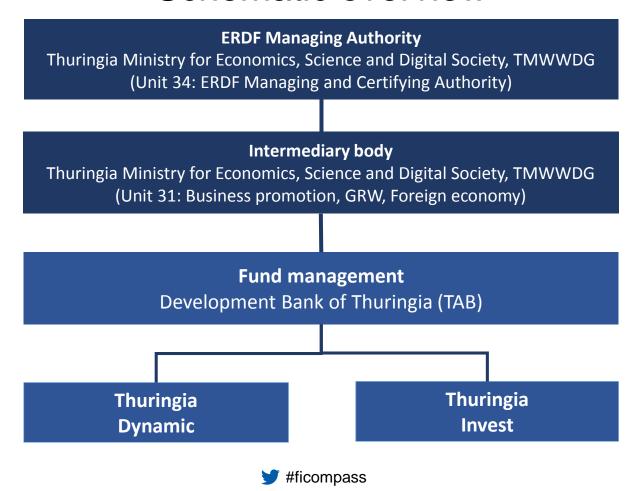




- Implementation structure



Schematic overview







Selection of bodies implementing the FI (F. Int.)



Entity selected - Selection process

- Selection of TAB through in-house procedure
- TAB is the State's own development institution
- Responsible for the implementation of such schemes
- Selection criteria
 - Reliable partner
 - Framework agreement between TAB and ministry
 - Control and steering capabilities for the MA
 - Continuity to reuse re-flows from previous funding period







- Recommendations and lessons learnt



Adjustments in the design and set-up

	Thuringia	Dynamic	Thuringia Invest	
	2007-2013	2014-2020	2007-2013	2014-2020
Maximum loan amount (EUR)	As of June 2010: 2m As of July 2012: 4m	As of April 2015: 4m As of June 2016: 0.5m	0.1m	0.2m
	SME, liberal professions			
Potential applicants		Natural persons: acquisition of company shares	SME, business-related and creative professions	
Release from liability	Optional, 50%		Mandatory, 50%	Optional, 50%







- Recommendations and lessons learnt



Background of adjustments

Thuringia Dynamic

- Reduction of maximum amount due to high demand since 2015
- More eligible groups because ESIF regulations allow for it

Thuringia Invest

- Higher maximum loan amount due to broader scope of eligible investments related to the grant (up to EUR 50k)
- Introduction of optional release from liability to increase the flexibility of the loan instrument









IMPLEMENTATION PER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT



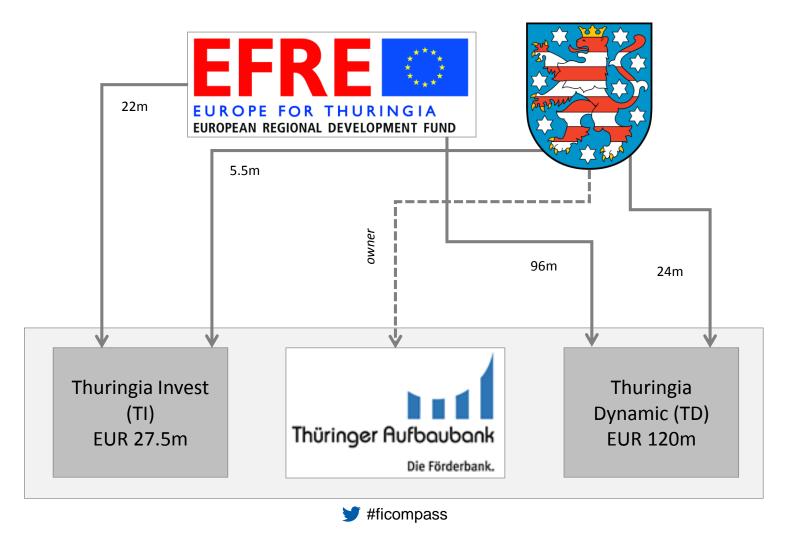




Implementation IB / MA level

- Financial instruments established









- Financial product from the perspective of the financial intermediary





Thuringia Dynamic

- EUR 120m for low-interest loans for
 - SME
 - persons in liberal professions and
 - new entrepreneurs

Thuringia Invest

- EUR 27.5m for low-interest loans and EUR 40m for grants for
 - SME and
 - persons in business-related and creative liberal professions
- Loan only available for enterprises that successfully applied for a grant
- Combination of grant and loan in two separate operations delivered through the single body of the TAB







- Financial product from the perspective of the financial intermediary







Terms and conditions

	Th	Thuringia Dynamic		mic	Thuringia Invest
Individual amount (EUR)	5	5,000-5	500,00	0	5,000-200,000
Loan duration (years)	5	10	15	20	10
Grace period (years)	1	2	2	3	2
Fixed-interest period (years)	5	10	10	10	10

Only available in combination with Grant







- Procedures in place at the financial intermediaries regarding implementation of the FI and providing the product to final recipients







Terms and conditions

Does the potential final recipient...

- ...pass the standard credit assessment of his house bank?
- ...fulfil the eligibility requirements?







- Final recipients







Eligibility rules

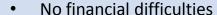


Thuringia Dynamic Thuringia Invest

- Small and Medium-sized Enterprises
 - < 250 employees
 - Annual turnover < EUR 50m
 - Annual balance sheet < EUR 43m
- Located in Thuringia



- Application via house bank
- Investment in tangible fixed and intangible assets
- Application via TAB
- Agreement letter of the house bank
- Investment of at least EUR 10,000 in tangible fixed and intangible assets
- Overall financing is secured
- Thuringia Invest Grant



- Exclusion of specific industries
- Measure not started upon application
- Measure not finalised upon acceptance
- Companies with an outstanding recovery order from EU COM





- Final recipients







Terms and conditions

	Thuringia Dynamic	Thuringia Invest	
Payout	100%		
Paying interest	Monthly in arrears		
Repayment schedule	Monthly after grace period		
Commission fee	0.25 % per month upon approval on not disbursed loan	-	
Unscheduled repayment	Possible, prepayment penalty	Possible, no prepayment penalty	
Collaterals	Required (50 % exemption possible, at request)		







- Final recipients

Thuringia Invest

New investments in equipment of a plastics company

Requirement: creation of one new job



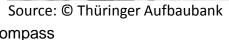




Investments	
Measurement technology	50,000
Forklift trucks	35,000
Machinery	195,000
Total	280,000

Financing	
Equity capital	50,000
Loan Thuringia Invest	180,000
Grant Thuringia Invest	50,000
Total	280.000 °









- Final recipients

Thuringia Dynamic

Investments in new machinery of a company processing metal







Source: @	D Thüringe	r Aufbaubank
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Investments	
New machinery	600,000
Total	600,000

Financing	
Equity capital	100,000
Thuringia Dynamic	500,000
Total	600,000







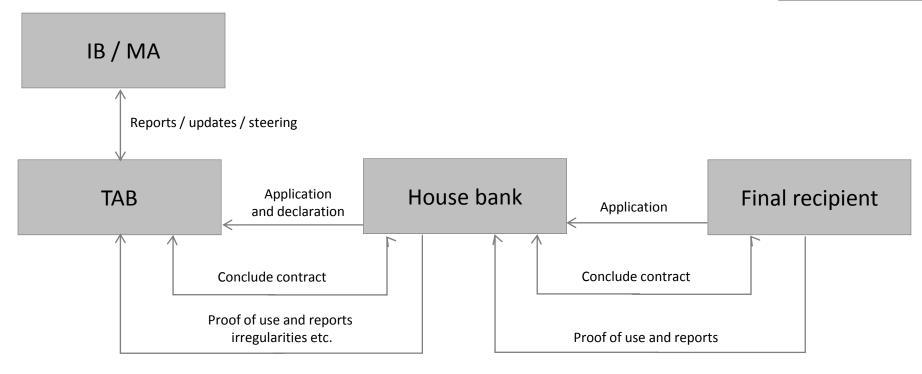
- Flow of monitoring and reporting



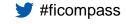




Thuringia Dynamic









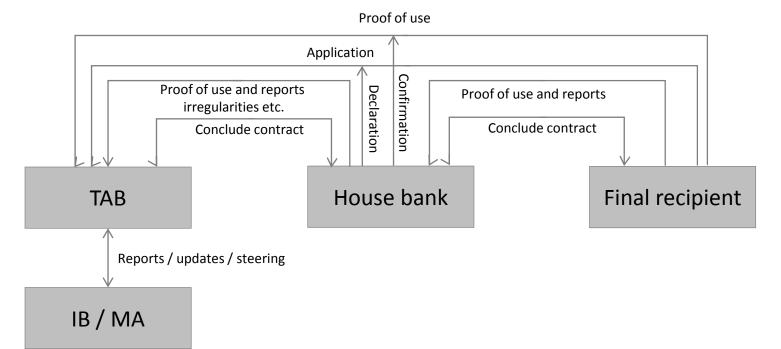
- Flow of monitoring and reporting







Thuringia Invest













- State of play, results



Overview (by September 2017)

		Thuringia Dynamic	Thuringia Invest
	Total	185	152
Final recipients	Of which SME	174	152
	Of which Individuals	11	-
Amount of	Committed	85.9m	14.9m
loans (in EUR)	Paid to recipients	63.7m	11.9m











- Challenges, recommendations, lessons learnt



Thuringia Dynamic

- Combination of low interest rate + no commission fee (in the beginning) led to high demand
- To ensure favourable conditions enterprises hoarded loans
- Limitation of maximum amount (EUR 500k) + introduction of commission fee led to low demand
- Framework conditions may change again
- How to best react to future changes?









MONITORING, CONTROL AND AUDIT SYSTEMS, REPORTING







Monitoring, control and reporting system in place for FIs (IB / MA)





- Reporting procedures relevant for the IB / MA

Three information flows from the financial intermediary

What?	When?	Used for?
 Information according to Regulation (EU) 821/2014 fed into an electronic system, e.g. Amount of support paid to financial recipients Committed volume, available fund volume Performance of the financial instrument, interest and other gains Leverage effect, contribution to indicators 	monthly Only for EU funded instruments!	 Reporting to EU COM Annual Implementation Report Other reports that need detailed information
Statistics to technical departments, e.g Information on the financial instruments and their status; more detailed than above	monthly	 Overview for other involved bodies about applications and approvals
Analysis of the instruments, - Detailed overview on the overall situation	quarterly	- Basis for allocating further resources, steering measures etc.
Direct exchange about details if necessary	continuously	 Discussing and clarifying immediate uncertainties and irregularities









OVERALL IMPLEMENTATION







Implementation (overall) - IB / MA







- What shall be achieved with the FI?
- What does this mean for the design of the FI?
- Alignment of expectations & experiences
- Continuity important for recipients
- Attractive conditions and adjustments to perspective of the FI
- Minor adjustments can have major effects
- No one-size-fits-all solution no crystal ball

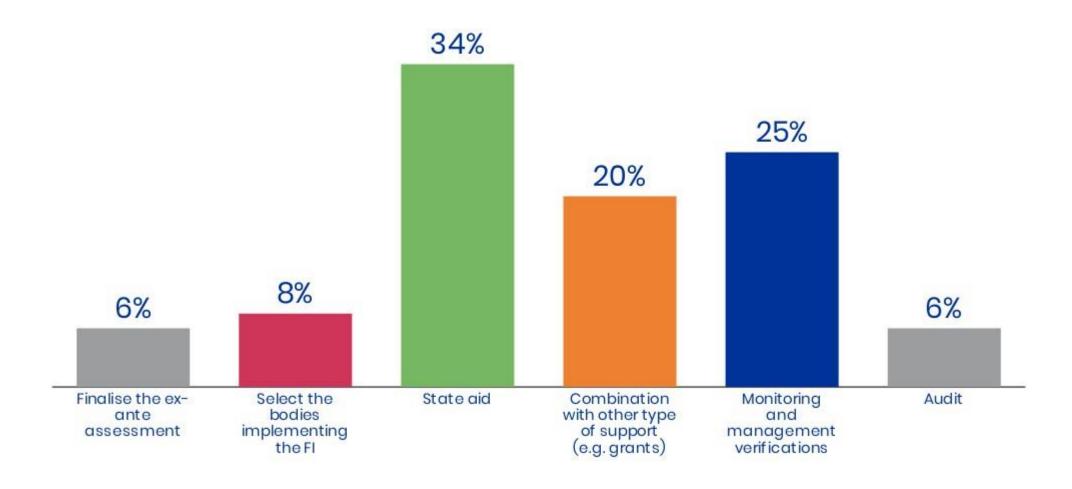






Main challenge for using financial instruments for SME support





In designing or setting-up your financial instruments were you able to attract additional sources of funding?



