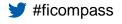




ESF financial instruments: state of play and novelties under ESF+

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Data submission

Based on data reported by MS

At 31.12.2018

8 Member States

28 OPs

51 FIs*

At 31.12.2017

7 Member States

23 OPs

33 FIs*

At 31.12.2016

7 Member States

22 OPs

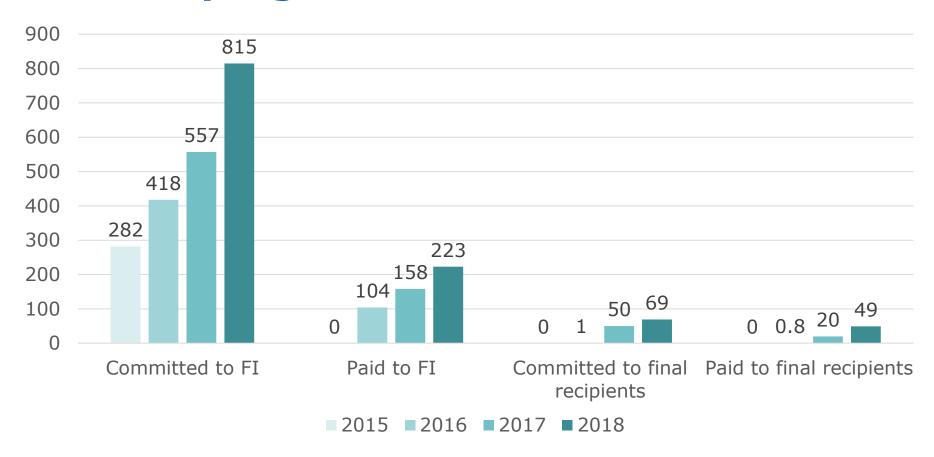
23 FIs*

- > 82% of the OPs with planned allocations to FIs
- > PT reported for the first time in 2014-2020





Overall progress



OP amount in EUR millions





Type of ESF FIs

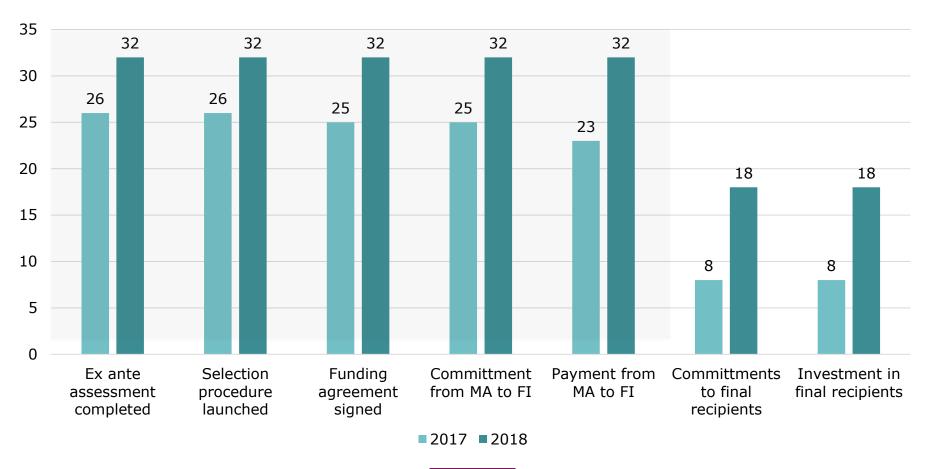
- > 51 FIs in the process of set-up or already operational:
 - > 18 funds of funds
 - > 19 specific funds under funds of funds
 - > 14 specific funds without funds of funds

- > All MS except DE use funds of funds
- > IT, PL and PT also use specific funds without funds of funds





Progress with set-up and implementation





Commitments and payments to FIs

- **> EUR 815 million of OP resources committed to FIs or ∼63% of planned**:
 - MAX: IT commitments EUR ~290 million
 - MIN: HU commitments EUR ~4 million
- > 2 Member States committed ESF and YEI (BG, IT)
- Commitment increase compared to 2017 ~46% (+EUR 258 million)
- EUR 223 million of OP resources paid to FIs or 27% of OP commitments





ESF commitments by TO

ТО	Number of FIs	ESIF/ESF committed to FIs	As % of total
08	23	421	74%
09	7	64	11%
10	2	88	15%
Total	32*	573	100%

- Commitments under TO09 in BG, HU, IT and PL
- > Commitments under TO10 in IT and PT

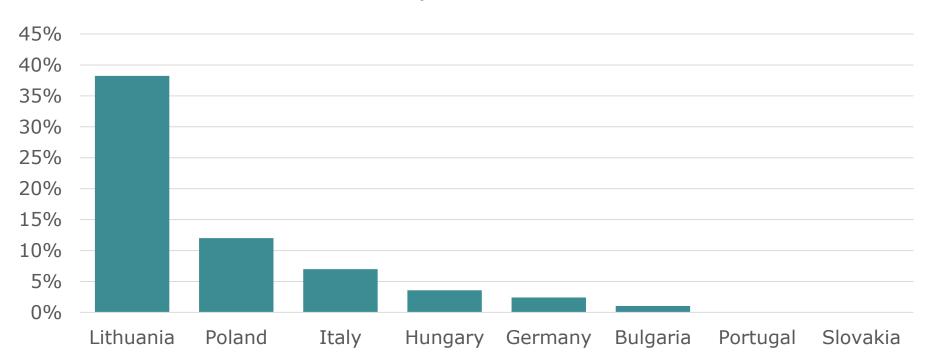
^{* 19} specific funds are not double counted





Commitments and payments to final recipients

➤ EUR 69 million committed and EUR 49 million disbursed in final recipients







Type of products

- Financial products are mainly loans and microloans
- > IT and PL reported other support combined with FIs*, in the form of technical support or interest rate subsidies
- > IT reported a loan + guarantee + equity scheme



^{*}in the sense of Article 37(7) CPR



Final recipients and leverage

Product	SMEs	of which micro	Individuals	Total
Loans	1 535	1 389	773	2 308
Guarantees	-	-	-	-
Equity	-	-	-	-
Total	1 535	1 389	773	2 308
	67%	60%	33%	

> Typically modest leverage in line with expectations





Financial instruments in cohesion policy 2021-27

- ➤ Encourage uptake of financial instruments for revenue-generating and cost-saving activities
- Financial instruments are generally more efficient and effective than grants
- ➤ In less developed regions: strive for a balance between grants and financial instruments (potential need to use grants)
- Wider use of financial instruments in more developed regions
- ➤ Cohesion programmes have to justify the form of support (grants vs. financial instruments) and describe the planned use of financial instruments





Financial instruments in cohesion policy 2021-27

Encourage uptake of FIs through simplification:

- ➤ New: possibility to combine grants and FIs in a single operation under a single set of financial instruments rules
- Only light ex-ante assessment
- Simple rules on eligibility, payments, management fees and reporting
- ➤ Direct award to National Promotional Banks

New: Voluntary contribution of up to 5% of each Fund to **InvestEU**

Rules of InvestEU will apply to this contribution, but cohesion objectives will be pursued





Next steps

- ➤ Autumn 2019 Resume negotiations on 2021-2027 legal framework between co-legislators (Council, European Parliament)
- ➤ Autumn 2019 Reach an agreement on 2021-2027 Multiannual Financial Framework in autumn (European Council)
- Find 2020 Adopt 2021-2027 cohesion programmes









